Who aids the aid workers? Meet a UN Volunteer Medical Doctor in Somalia

Jainarayan Singh is a 31-year old Medical Doctor from India, currently on a two-year UN Volunteer assignment with the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) in Somalia. In his role as Health Manager ad interim and Medical Doctor, Dr. Singh is responsible for overseeing medical care and health support for the 1,050 UN staff (and 4,000 dependents) in-country, ensuring that humanitarian workers and other staff are fit and able to continue delivering essential services.

The core of this work takes place at the five UN clinics throughout the country, where Dr Singh and eight other staff care for UN staff, their families and other humanitarian workers.

“...We are making the community healthy by caring for the people developing Somalia, but we also provide health information to everyone regarding common diseases, risk factors and prevention. --Dr Jainarayan
Singh, UN Volunteer Medical Doctor and Health Manager ad interim with UNDP, Somalia

At the clinic, Dr Singh and the team offer the full spectrum of medical services, including training in health risks, checkups and advice for mental health and general wellbeing. These activities equip UN staff with the necessary skills to support their own health, as well as allowing medical staff to screen for potential problems.

Perhaps unsurprisingly given the intensity of the work, Dr Singh regularly sees UN staff with stress-related issues like high blood pressure. As these problems can often be addressed through lifestyle changes like diet, exercise and social habits, assisting staff with their overall health and wellbeing often proves highly successful.

Of course, the role is not without significant challenges, and many medical issues arise that cannot be so easily addressed. Injured or sick staff might require specialist services or diagnoses, or even medical evacuation – something not easily achieved in a potentially unstable location like Somalia where resources are scarce.

Our main challenge is to provide a high standard of emergency and routine healthcare. The longstanding instability means most healthcare services in Somalia are poor, and many services are unavailable or inaccessible. We need to be prepared for any kind of medical emergency. --Dr Jainarayan Singh

To perform his role, Dr. Singh draws on significant medical experience in India and other challenging environments. He previously served as Medical Officer for the UNDP in Kabul, worked in public and private Indian hospitals providing emergency medical services, surgery and routine care, and supported medical evacuations.

Complementing this experience are his medical qualifications – including
post graduate studies in public health, sexual health and health emergency management. Dr Singh describes the work as rewarding – and a unique opportunity for him to learn, and give back.

"I chose to become a UN Volunteer in Somalia to learn about the hardship faced not only by the local community but also by the humanitarian community, the aid workers. This is my chance to help improve people’s health and wellbeing and support everybody. --Dr Jinarayan Singh"

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