United Nations Economic and Social Council

TAKING ACTION TO IMPROVE LIVES

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL 2018 INTEGRATION SEGMENT

"Innovative communities: leveraging technology and innovation to build sustainable and resilient societies"

1 - 3 May 2018

ECOSOC Chamber

DRAFT PROGRAMME

[Working Document: 11 April 2018]

DAY I (Tuesday, 1 May)

10:00 - 11:30

Opening of the Integration Segment

Opening statements

H.E. Mr. Mahmadamin Mahmadaminov (Tajikistan), Vice-President of the **Economic and Social Council**

H.E. Mr. Miroslav Lajčák, President of the General Assembly (TBC)

H.E. Kamoliddinzoda Ilyos Jamoliddin, Deputy Minister of Trade and Economic Development, Tajikistan

Mr. Liu Zhenmin, Under-Secretary-General for Economic and Social Affairs, **United Nations**

The quest for resilience and sustainability: seizing the moment

Dialogue moderated by

Mr. Eduardo Porter (USA/MEX), Journalist, The New York Times, and author of the book "The Price of Everything"

With the participation of

Mr. Saul Griffith, Inventor and Founder and CEO, Otherlab

Ms. Sheela Patel, Founding Director, Society for Promotion of Area Resource Centres (SPARC), Chair, Slum/Shack Dwellers International (SDI)

Ms. Jolly Amatya, UN Major Group for Children and Youth

Interactive discussion



Building sustainable and resilient societies through technology and innovation: creating roads towards the Sustainable Development Goals

This section of the programme will bring to the Segment specific technological innovations and show how they have been contributing to the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals.

11:30 - 13:00

Session 1: Resilience decoded – building blocks towards 2030

This session will 'decode' or 'unpack' the multidimensional concepts of resilience and vulnerabilities, or resilience gaps, present at the local, national and regional levels. The 2030 Agenda embeds a pledge to shift the world onto a sustainable path; this will require building more resilient societies, economies and environment. The term 'resilience' describes the ability to recover from or adjust easily to calamity or change; such ability can have a significant impact on the progress towards the SDGs. Building resilience requires preventing new and reducing existing disaster risks, preparedness for climate change, extreme weather events and other natural hazards, economic shocks, public health crises, food insecurity and water crises, institutional gaps, connectivity malfunctions and cyberattacks, amongst others.

Key questions to guide the discussion:

- What are some of the main risks communities currently face at the local, national and regional levels? How can these be addressed?
- How can the needs of countries in special situations be best addressed to reach the furthest behind first and ensure that no one is left behind?
- How can integrated policies contribute to addressing the resilience gaps and accelerate advancement towards the SDGs?

Moderator

Ms. Sophie Davies, Freelance journalist, writing for a number of publications ranging from The Economist to the Thomson Reuters Foundation

Panelists

Mr. Lorenzo de Simone, Chief Information Officer, FAO

Dr. Ayona Datta, Reader in Urban Futures, King's College

Mr. Hugh Evans, Co-Founder and CEO, Global Citizen/The Global Poverty Project (*TBC*)

Professor Rashmi Jaipal, Main Representative, American Psychological Association at the UN; and Professor Emeritus Cross-cultural Psychology Center for Cultures and Communication and Alternative Visions for the Future, Bloomfield College

Discussants

Professor Sakiko Fukuda-Parr, Vice- Chair of the Committee for Development Policy at its 20th session

Mr. Brian Keane, Rapporteur of the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues at its 17th session *(TBC)*



Interactive discussion

13:15 - 14:30 Side events

Organized by Member States, UN system and civil society

14:55 - 15:00 **Short video**

Technology and innovation at play in building resilience towards the achievement of the SDGs.

15:00 - 16:30 Session 2: Technology and disaster risk reduction

This session will focus on how technology and innovation can be used as effective tools for disaster risk reduction and, in this context, advancing the 2030 Agenda and the Sendai Framework. Natural hazards and extreme weather events and natural disasters, exacerbated by climate change, may cause substantial hardship to affected communities, hazardous and persistent effects in human health, consequential losses in biodiversity and economic activity, creating significant stress on countries' institutional systems. Integrated strategies, leveraged by technology, will be required to reduce vulnerabilities and increase resilience of across economic, physical, social, cultural and environmental areas. The technology facilitation mechanism's on-line platform adopted in the 2030 Agenda is one of the instruments that can also serve as a comprehensive mapping of, and a gateway for information on existing science, technology and innovation initiatives, mechanisms and programmes. The session will seek to exchange experiences and lessons learned in terms of the latest technology and innovations to reduce disaster risk, including through the technology facilitation mechanism and the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030.

Key questions to guide the discussion:

- What specific measures have been put in place by countries to reduce disaster risk, including through the technology facilitation mechanism and the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030?
- What has been the experience of countries in using technology and innovation to strengthen resilience and inclusion in an integrated manner?

Moderator

H.E. Ms. Koki Muli Grignon, Ambassador/Deputy Permanent Representative of Kenya to the United Nations, and Vice-Chair of the Commission on the Status of Women at its 62nd session (TBC)

Panelists

Mr. Rustam Shohiyon, First Deputy Chairman of the Committee of Emergency Situations and Civil Defense, Tajikistan

Mr. Ronald Jackson, Executive Director, Caribbean Disaster Emergency Management Agency (CDEMA), Jamaica



Ms. Annisa Triyanti, Representative of the Young Scientists in the UNISDR Science and Technology Advisory Group (2017-2018)

Professor Youba Sokona, Special Advisor, Sustainable Development, South Centre, and Honorary Professor, Department of Science, Technology, Engineering and Public Policy, University College London

Discussant

H.E. Mr. Muhammad Shahrul Ikram Yaakob, Permanent Representative of Malaysia to the United Nations and Chair of the United Nations Forum on Forests at its 13th session

Interactive discussion

16:30-18:00

General Debate

Member States have the opportunity to present focused statements on the theme of the 2018 ECOSOC Integration Segment, with its overarching link to the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. Member States may also want to reflect on their experiences in leveraging technology and innovation to build resilient societies, within broader national development objectives.

DAY 2 (Wednesday, 2 May)

09:55 - 10:00

Short video

Technology and innovation at play in building resilience towards the achievement of the SDGs.

10:00 - 13:00

Session 3: Balancing infrastructure development and sustainability

This session will address the challenge of sustainable and resilient infrastructure in several areas, including health, education, energy, transport, security and public institutions. Several cities around the world have rolled out multi-stakeholder strategies setting out roadmaps with solutions to their resilience challenges. The discussion will address how these strategies relate to the national, regional and international levels, as well as highlight the importance of inclusiveness in building resilient societies. The session will also address the increasing challenge of citizen security and cybercrime, particularly through the discussion of opportunities and risks of technology-enabled public services, as for example in "smart cities."

Key questions to guide the discussion:

- What approaches have cities and countries taken to design resilient and sustainable infrastructure? What challenges have been encountered and how have they been addressed?
- What role can technology-enabled solutions play in this regard?
- What measures can cities take to secure citizen safety and 'smart' infrastructure?



Moderator

Mr. Michael Shank, Communications Director, Carbon Neutral Cities Alliance

Panel 1

Mr. Hazem Nuaimat, Deputy Mayor of Amman, Jordan (TBC)

Ms. LaToya Cantrell, Mayor-Elect of New Orleans, USA (TBC)

Ms. Christine Musisi, Director of External Relations, UN-Habitat

Dr. Nancy Odendaal, Associate Professor, UCT School of Architecture, Planning and Geomatics, Cape Town, South Africa

Discussants

H.E. Mr. Ion Jinga, Permanent Representative of Romania to the United Nations and Chair of the Commission on Population and Development at its 51st session

Mr. Nikulás Hannigan, Deputy Permanent Representative of Iceland to the United Nations and Chair of the Commission for Social Development at its 56th session

Panel 2

Mr. Federico Gutiérrez, Mayor of Medellín, Colombia

Mr. Daniel Zarrilli, Chief Resilience Officer, New York City, USA

Ms. Ursula Wynhoven, International Telecommunications Union Representative, New York

Mr. Bjorn Gillsater, Special Representative to The United Nations in New York, World Bank

Mr. Daniel Ponce Gandarillas, Co-founder and CEO, CityHeroes Inc. (TBC)

Discussants

Ms. Dorine Burmanje, Chair of the Executive Board of the Netherlands' Land Registry and Mapping Agency (Kadaster), and Chair of the UN Committee of **Experts on Global Geospatial Information**

Interactive discussion

13:15 - 14:30 Side events

Organized by Member States, UN system and civil society

14:55 - 15:00 **Short video**

Technology and innovation at play in building resilience towards the achievement of the SDGs.



15:00 - 16:30

Session 4: National strategies for resilience

This session will feature examples of integrated national strategies and policies that foster sustainable development and resilience. The focus of the session will be on sharing experiences and best practices regarding comprehensive strategies and policies at the national level, to boost resilience and sustainability working at the core of the 2030 Agenda. The session will also explore how technology and innovation can be leveraged to support the implementation of such strategies while leaving no one behind. Means of implementation required to execute such strategies in an integrated and coherent way, investment requirements, technology transfer and capacity building, will be discussed.

Key questions to guide the discussion:

- How have countries formulated resilience strategies and policies to mitigate their vulnerabilities?
- What challenges did they encounter in formulating these strategies and policies? What tools were most effective?
- What can the ECOSOC system do to support countries in leveraging technology and innovation and catalysing further required means to implement national resilience strategies, policies and initiatives and achieve the 2030 Agenda?

Moderator

Mr. Dominic Allen, Chief, United Nations Volunteer Office in New York

Panelists

H.E. Mr. Henk Ovink, Special Envoy for International Water Affairs for the Kingdom of the Netherlands

Mr. Royol Chitradon, Advisor, Hydro and Agro Informatics Institute (HAII), Ministry of Sciences and Technology, Thailand

Mr. Raúl García-Buchaca, Deputy Executive Secretary for Management and Program Analysis, United Nations Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC)

H.E. Mr. Romauld Sotario Ferreira, Minister of the Environment and Housing, Bahamas (TBC)

Discussants

Ms. Geraldine Fraser-Moleketi, Vice-Chair of the Committee of Experts on Public Administration at its 17th session (TBC)

Interactive discussion

16:30-18:00

Continuation of the General Debate

DAY 3 (Thursday, 3 May)



09:55 - 10:00

Short video

Technology and innovation at play in building resilience towards the achievement of the SDGs.

10:00 - 13:00

Session 5: Leveraging technology and innovation to support resilience and inclusiveness in Africa in the context of the 2030 Agenda and Agenda 2063

This session will address the particular challenges of African countries. Africa faces enormous development challenges in the economic, social and environmental pillars of sustainable development. The volatility of oil and other commodity prices further demonstrated the continent's vulnerability to global economic shocks due to reliance on a narrow base of raw-commodity exports. The Ebola virus crisis illustrated the urgent need to build resilient health systems, including through promoting R&D for public health needs and using technologies for data collection and dissemination of information. Tackling the digital divide, building the capacity of data systems, boosting productive capacity and promoting innovation and entrepreneurship will be critical for maximizing the role of technology and innovation in boosting resilience and inclusive growth in Africa. Against this background, panelists will explore the synergies between the 2030 Agenda and the African Union's Agenda 2063 to build sustainable and resilient societies. The discussion will explore how technological and innovative solutions applied to specific contexts have the potential to mitigate a significant number of vulnerabilities of the continent, spurring progress towards the SDGs. The session will showcase concrete examples and initiatives.

Key questions to guide the discussion:

- How can integrated public policy responses support African countries in addressing vulnerabilities, such as to the global economic shocks, health crises and environmental hazards?
- What challenges do African countries encounter in the formulation of integrated policies?
- What has been the experience of African countries in using technology and innovation to strengthen resilience and inclusion in an integrated manner?
- How the UN development system and traditional, new and emerging development partners can support African countries in leveraging technology and innovation to support resilience and inclusiveness in the implementation of national, sub-regional and continental strategies?

Moderator

Ms. Gogontlejang Phaladi, Founder and Executive Director of the Gogontlejang Phaladi Pillar of Hope Project (GPPHP)

Panelists

H.E. Dr. Bernice Dahn, Minister of Health, Liberia (TBC)

Ms. Bience Gawanas, Special Adviser to the Secretary-General on Africa

Ms. Vera Songwe, Executive Secretary, Economic Commission for Africa (ECA) (TBC)



Professor John Selker, Co-Director and Co-Founder, Trans-African HydroMeteorological Observatory (TAHMO)

Professor Vernon Kabambe, Associate Professor, Crop and Soil Science Department, Faculty of Agriculture, Lilongwe University of Agriculture and Natural Resources (LUANAR) (TBC)

Ms. Rafiah Ibrahim, Senior Vice President and Head of Market Area Middle East & Africa, Ericsson

Mr. Joshua Ogure, Coordinator, Map Kibera Trust

Discussants

Expert in International Cooperation in Tax Matters (TBC)

Interactive discussion

13:15 - 14:30

Side events

Organized by Member States, UN system and civil society

14:55 - 15:00

Short video

Technology and innovation at play in building resilience towards the achievement of the SDGs.

15:00 - 17:30

Session 6: Designing a resilient and sustainable future – a toolkit to better prepare for tomorrow

This session will explore the contribution of frontier technologies to building resilience. The discussions will also focus on policy planning toolkits and techniques and how these have been impacted by technology and innovation. Different elements of a toolkit to better prepare for tomorrow, including multihazard early warning systems, climate risk early warning initiatives, foresighting techniques, capacity building, partnerships, resilience investments and insurance scheme, will be explored. The role and contribution of technology and innovation at different positions of the spectrum – from mobile phones to fiber-optics to frontier technology, such as artificial intelligence and nanotechnology – will be assessed through examples, experiences and lessons learned. Countries will be invited to share their experiences in using some of these instruments and technologies to anticipate and manage their most salient risks, with a view of designing a resilient and sustainable future for their societies.

Key questions to guide the discussion:

- What policy planning instruments are available to countries to enhance their preparedness to hazards across the spectrum? Which have been most effective, and how can best practices be replicated and scaled up?
- Has technology and innovation improved countries' abilities to use policy planning instruments more effectively?
- Which tools are available at the regional and global level to support countries' efforts in improving resilience to their biggest challenges? How



can the ECOSOC system leverage such tools to better support countries in building resilience?

Moderator

Mr. Elliott Harris, Assistant Secretary-General for Economic Development and Chief Economist, Department of Economic and Social Affairs (DESA) (TBC)

Panelists

Mr. Carlos Valdés González, Director General, Civil Protection, Centro Nacional de Prevención de Desastres (CENAPRED), Mexico

Ms. Hayat Sindi, Founder and President, Institute for Imagination and Ingenuity (i2institute), and Member of the 10-Member Group to Support the **Technology Facilitation Mechanism**

Mr. Marshall Moutenot, Co-Founder, Upstream

Mr. Jamil Ahmad, Director a.i. of United Nations Environment Programme, **New York Office**

Ms. Julia Römer, Founder, CEO and Lead Technological Developer, Coolar (TBC)

Discussants

H.E. Mr. Plácido Gómez, Vice-Minister for Science and Technology, Dominican Republic, and Chair of the Commission on Science and Technology for Development at its 21st session (TBC)

Interactive discussion

17:30 - 18:00

Closing of the Integration Segment

Closing remarks by H.E. Mr. Mahmadamin Mahmadaminov (Tajikistan), Vice-President of the Economic and Social Council

